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Metastatic calcification in end-stage renal disease: Contra naturam



Fig. 1. High-resolution computed tomography of the thorax demonstrating (**A**) diffuse ground-glass opacification in the lung window and (**B**) multiple calcified vessels (arrowhead) in the mediastinal window. X-ray of the bilateral (**C**) upper and (**D**) lower limbs revealing arterial calcification of arteries (arrows).

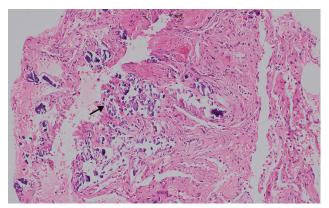


Fig. 2. Haematoxylin and eosin (×200) stain of the transbronchial lung biopsy demonstrating calcification (arrow) in the interstitium and the vessel wall, confirming it to be a case of metastatic calcification.

A 16 yr old male child† with end-stage renal disease on maintenance haemodialysis presented in January 2019, with a history of dyspnoea and dry cough of three-month duration to the Chest Clinic of Postgraduate Institute of Medical Education & Research, Chandigarh, India.

His serum creatine was 8 mg/dl. His serum calcium and phosphorus was 11.2 mg/dl and 5.6 mg/dl, respectively. His serum parathyroid hormone level was 500 pg/ml. A computed tomography of the thorax revealed bilateral ground-glass opacification in the lung and calcification of the subcutaneous vessels (Fig. 1A and B). X-ray of the upper and lower limbs also revealed calcification of the vessels (Fig. 1C and D). A transbronchial lung biopsy demonstrated diffuse calcification of the lung interstitium and the vessel

wall (Fig. 2), confirming a diagnosis of metastatic calcification. He underwent para-thyroidectomy and was referred for renal transplantation. Pulmonary calcification is rare in end-stage renal disease. Knowledge of the radiological findings of metastatic pulmonary calcification can help in avoiding invasive procedures such as bronchoscopy.

Conflicts of Interest: None.

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[†]The child's assent and parents' consent obtained to publish clinical information and images.